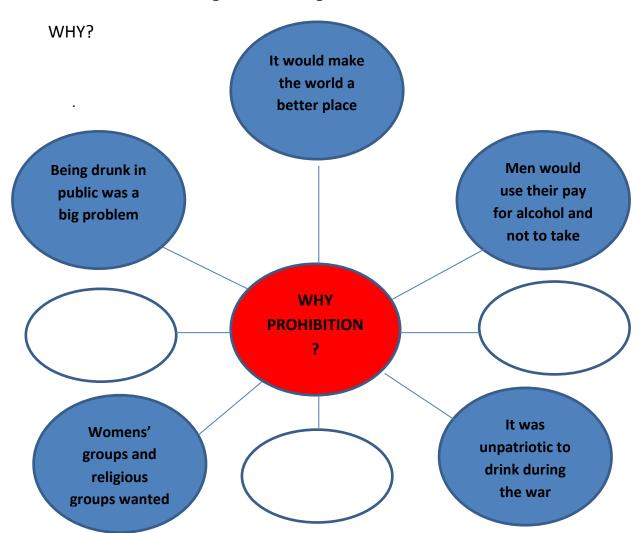
After WW I – America wanted to be by itself (isolationism)

- They did not join the League of Nations.
- America was also a world power
- America was changing on the inside too

Prohibition - to make something illegal

Prohibition – making alcohol illegal



At first, states made laws to prohibit alcohol. Many states had laws that outlawed making, selling or drinking alcohol.

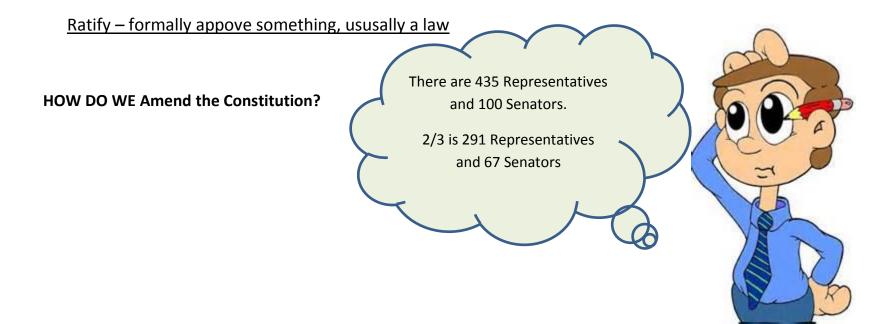
People wanted the federal government to make it part of the Constitution (the laws of the United States).

In 1919 – we <u>ratified</u> the 19th Amendment – Prohibition was a law!

There were many reasons this was not good:

- People lost jobs: breweries, barkeeps, sales
- Other businesses lost business too
 - o Restaurants lost sales from alcohol and prices had to rise
 - Theaters lost patrons
- Government lost money for taxes but
- Cost the government millions to ENFORCE it
- People died from tainted liquor
- Crime rates rose from supported illegal trade (think Goodfellas and Al Capone)

In 1933 – we <u>ratified</u> the 21st Amendment – Prohibition was now over!!!







<u>First</u>

2/3 of the House of Representatives and 2/3 of the Senators must approve the amendment (new law)



Then

¾ of the states must approve the new amendment (new law)

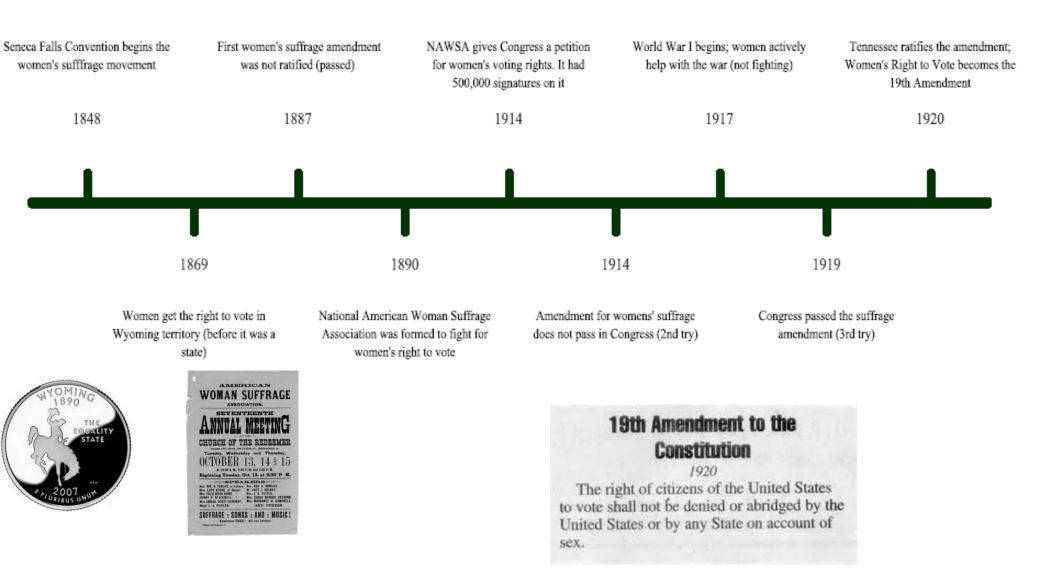
Unit 7 – Lesson 2



History of Women's Suffrage (Right to Vote)







STUDENT DICTIONARY

One entry found for communism.

Main Entry: com·mu·nism •

Pronunciation: kam-ye-niz-em

Function: noun

1: a social system in which property and goods are owned in common; also: a theory that

favors such a system

2 capitalized: a system of government in which a single party controls state-owned means of

production with the aim of establishing a stateless society

Communism was brought to Russia by Lenin and Stalin as well as totalitarianism- all power under one person.

RED SCARE

Mitchell Palmer went on a witch hunt after communists and anarchists. Raids in 2 days rounded up nearly 5,000 people who were held in jail, not allowed to call anyone, and treated terribly. **Palmer took advantage of America's fear of communism.** Americans were not free to speak out about communism.

Unit 7- Lesson 4

Our Presidents During this time

President Warren Harding – 29th President

Promised the nation to get back to normal

- strong economy,
- independent of foreign influence
- rid Americans of the tragic memories and hardships faced during World War I

Harding died in August 1923

- Very sad time for the United States
- Warren Harding was one of the most popular presidents ever.
- Died of heart failure/ broken heart.
- Before he died her learned that close friends in government did things that were not good for the country

What he did as president

- Created the Bureau of the Budget,
- Reduced the national debt
- Cut taxes
- Appointed black men to public office

SCANDAL!

- Harding allowed his friends to use land set aside for government oil reserves, and for public use
- Those people gave away oil reserves, did not listen to conservationists, and took bribes (like Boss Tweed).
- His "friends" became very rich, and America got very angry!

President Calvin Coolidge – 30th President

He was very progressive president

- He wanted Congress to create laws against lynching
- more for education,
- higher minimum wages for women workers

His 16 year old son died all of a sudden and Coolidge could not do his job too well

- Coolidge was overwhelmed with grief and very depressed.
- almost no one, besides his wife and close friends, knew what was happening to him.

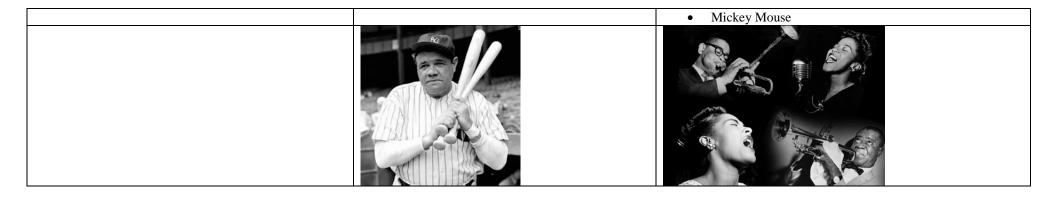
"Perhaps one of the most important accomplishments of my administration has been minding my own business," he said.

What he did as president

- lower taxes
- · created farm subsidies
- big on civil rights

The ROARING TWENTIES!

People spent lots of money on luxuries:	FLAPPERS: Ladies who wore short skirts and short haircuts Did unladylike things (drove, worked, played pingpong, danced, wore a lot of makeup)	Art became more expressive – some people thought it was vulgar (dirty). It was reflection of real life (people, streets, etc) • John Sloan • Thomas Eakins	
By 1930 almost every family owned a car.	Harlem was undergoing a Renaissance – a time of	Air travel became more accessible	
They also had indoor toilets and radios	great artists (Harlem is a neighborhood in NY)	Lindbergh made the first nonstop flight across the Atlantic Ocean.	
America had many more rich people – and many more poor people	Organized sports become popular (baseball, golf and tennis) and sports players became national heroes Babe Ruth	Arts and Culture boomed – • Movies and talking pictures (The Jazz Singer) • Instrumental music (Duke Ellington)	
People were buying more things that they couldn't buy before and spending A LOT OF MONEY		Vocal music (Ella Fitzgerald)Literature (Hemingway)Visual art (Mary Cassett)	
		Musicians (George Gershwin)	



Unit 7 Lesson 6

Organized Sports

Organized sports became very popular during the Roaring Twenties. With more leisure time, Americans could go to the ballparks or listen to games on radio. They could also play sports themselves. By the end of the '20s, Americans were hard at play, and golf courses and tennis courts were popping up everywhere.



George Herman Ruth

- Was a sensational pitcher but could also hit it harder and farther than anyone
- In 1918 he was the best left-handed pitcher in the game and also led the American League in homeruns.
- In 1920 he hit 54 homeruns, 59 in 1921. Baseball attendance doubled
- Hit 714 homeruns- record for 47 years

The Other Babe- Mildred Didrikson

- Gave her the nickname growing up when she hit homers he boys couldn't catch
- All-American basketball player, softball star, competed in swimming and diving, played competitive tennis, and boxing

- Became national heroine when she earned 3 medals in track and field at the 1932 Olympics
- Best known as one of America's outstanding women golfers- won 17 tournaments in a row

Negro Leagues

Men of color formed their own leagues due to segregation

- Satchel Paige- the unbelievable Satchel Paige, his pitching was so accurate they say he could have stayed in the strike zone pitching to Tom Thumb.
- Josh Gibson-Some people said that Josh Gibson once hit a ball over the roof at Yankee Stadium—which was farther than the Babe ever did.
- Cool Papa Bell- Well, Paige himself swore that Bell ran so fast he could turn off the light switch and make it to bed before the light went out